Treasury Emergency Stabilization Fund (ESF) Process

Released April 9, 2020

Earlier today, the Treasury Department and the Federal Reserve Board jointly announced (<u>Treasury</u>, <u>Fed</u>) several new policies implemented through § 13(3) of the Federal Reserve Act, aimed at <u>promoting \$2.3 trillion</u> in business liquidity.

These policies appear to include liquidity **both related and unrelated to the CARES Act**, but in many cases the Fed and Treasury have taken amounts allocated by CARES and **leveraged** those amounts to issue larger volumes of liquidity. Some highlights and additional details on these policies:

- Main Street Lending (MSL): New Fed facility will provide \$600b in new loans to mid-size businesses, using leverage from \$75b of the \$454b emergency stabilization fund capital allocated through CARES to small and mid-size businesses:
 - Fed will offer four-year loans through banks, with payments deferred for up to one year;
 - Eligible businesses are those with 10,000 or fewer employees OR revenues of less than \$2.5 billion;
 - Subject to stock buyback, dividend, and compensation restrictions <u>but</u>
 apparently not to the workforce retention requirements from CARES;
 - Firms that have received SBA/PPP loans will be eligible to seek MSL loans as well;
 - Two separate term sheets under the program:
 - Main Street New Loan Facility (MSNLF) maximum loan up to lesser of (i) \$150m, (ii) 30% of existing undrawn debt, or (iii) amount when added to outstanding undrawn debt does not exceed 6x 2019 EBITDA;
 - Main Street Expanded Loan Facility (MSELF): maximum loan of up to lesser of (i) \$25m, (ii) amount when added to outstanding undrawn debt does not exceed 4x 2019 EBITDA;
- Municipal Liquidity Facility (MLF): New Fed facility will provide \$500b in short-term
 debt to US states, using leverage from \$35b that may or may not come from the CARES
 \$454b emergency stabilization fund but probably does not come from the § 5001 \$150b
 state and local fund
 - Term sheet <u>link</u>;
- Paycheck Protection Program Liquidity Facility (PPPLF): New Fed facility will extend
 credit to lenders issuing components the existing volume of \$350b in PPP loans,
 through term financing and taking the loans as collateral at face value;
 - Term sheet link;
- Asset liquidity: Enhancements of existing programs to purchase debt:
 - Primary and Secondary Market Corporate Credit Facilities (PMCCF and SMCCF):
 - Existing programs used by the Fed to purchase corporate debt;
 - \$750b in liquidity, using leverage from \$75b (up from a previous \$20b) in equity investment from Treasury;
 - PMCCF term sheet link; SMCCF term sheet link;

o Term Asset-backed securities Lending Facilities (TALF):

- Existing program whereby Fed lends money to investors to buy consumer debt-backed securities;
- New classes of debt now allowed which were generally excluded in 2008;
- \$100b in liquidity, using leverage from \$10b in equity investment from Treasury an amount previously allocated which was not increased in today's announcement;
- term sheet <u>link</u>.